

National Drug Policy 2023-2033

Key Principles:

- Public Health First: Prevention, treatment and recovery.
- Human Rights and Dignity: Support for vulnerable groups, with non-punitive approaches.
- Evidence-Informed: Policies shaped by reliable data.
- Balanced Approach: Integration of supply reduction (enforcement) and demand reduction (prevention/treatment/recovery).

Strategic Priorities:

- Prevention & Education: Promote healthy lifestyles, especially among youth.
- Treatment & Rehabilitation: Expand access and improve quality of care.
- Harm Reduction: Support safer practices and reduce overdose risks.
- Monitoring & Research: Strengthen data systems.
- International Cooperation: Align with and contribute to EU and UN drug policy framework.

National Drugs and Addictions Unit

Key Functions:

- Acts as a central hub for monitoring, reporting and analysing drug trends in Malta.
- Gathers national data and submits annual reports to the Maltese Government, EUDA, and UN.
- Ensures scientific independence and alignment with UN and EU standards.
- Represents Malta within the Reitox Network, contributing to EU wide discussions and strategies.
- Engages with the Council of Europe (Pompidou Group), United Nations (CND), European Union (HDG)

Outcome:

Evidence-based foundation for national policy development. Informs strategic reforms in law enforcement, prevention, treatment and recovery.

From Data to Policy

Key Role of Data Collection:

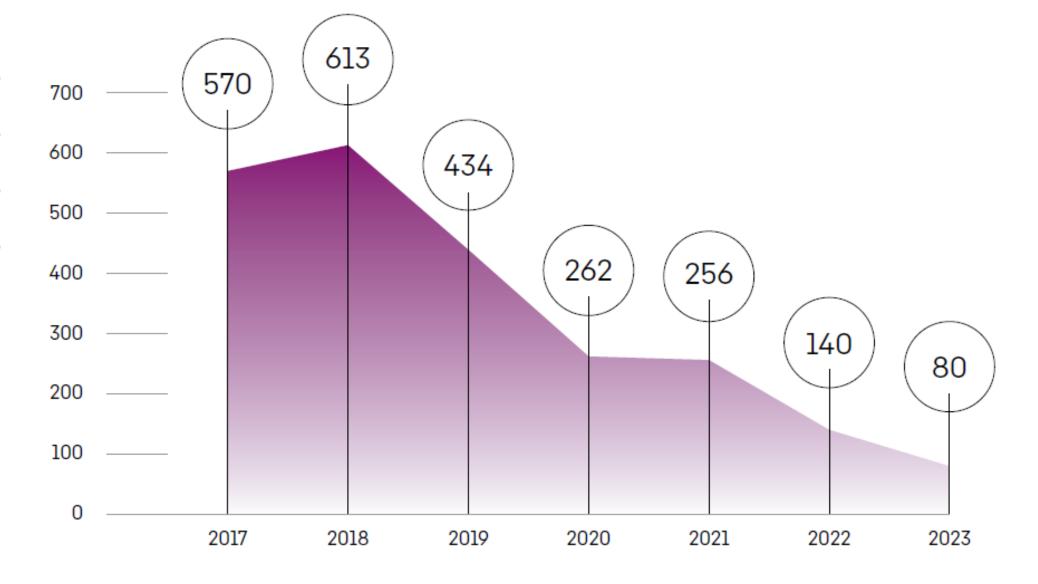
- Accurate, reliable and scientific data on:
 - Prevalence of drug use and problematic use
 - Drug Markets
 - Emerging substances
 - Prevention and treatment effectiveness
 - Law enforcement and harm reduction efforts
- Annual reports inform policy and strategic direction.
- Supports resource allocation, identifies gaps and measures outcomes.

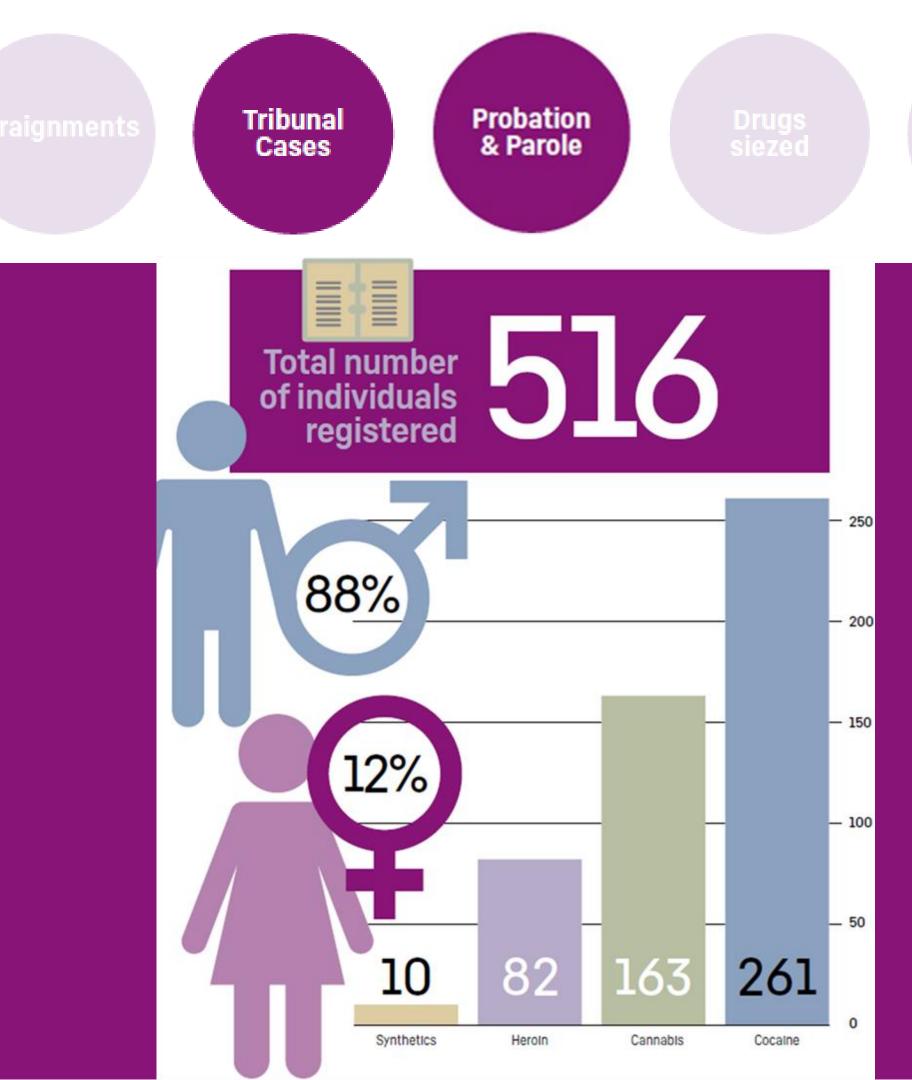


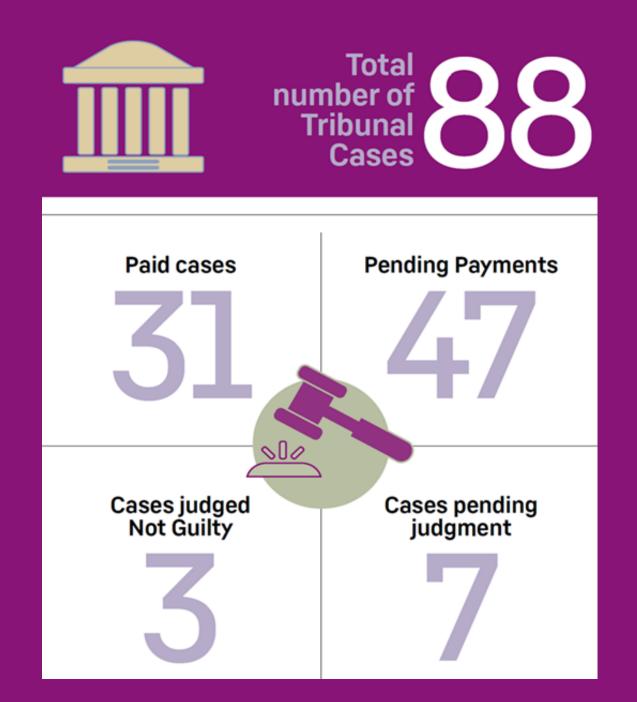
2023

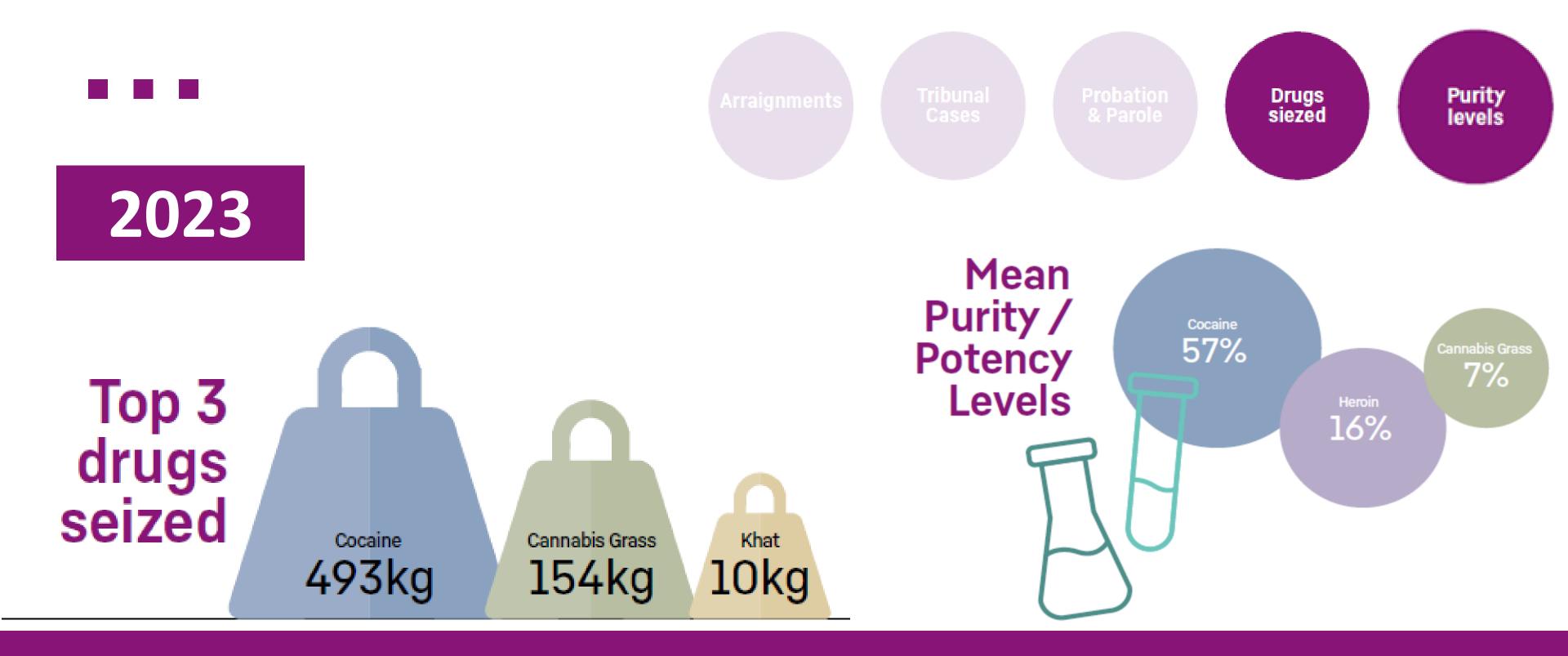
	Possession Cases	Trafficking Cases
Heroin	2	5
Cannabis	9	22
Cocaine	6	32
Other	1	3

Number of Arraignments 2017-2023









These figures include seizures for both domestic use and transit through Malta.

Heroin Cocaine Cannabis

Drug Harms ATS DDU CSA

Individuals in Treatment 2017-2023

Year	First Treated individuals		Previously Treated individuals		Total individuals	
	N°	%	N°	%	N°	%
2017	245	13	1600	87	1845	100
2018	390	21	1508	79	1898	100
2019	347	18	1596	82	1943	100
2020	497	25	1487	75	1984	100
2021	411	20	1579	80	1990	100
2022	469	24	1458	76	1927	100
2023	521	23	1790	77	2311	100

Demographics

EMPLOYMENT

45% Employed

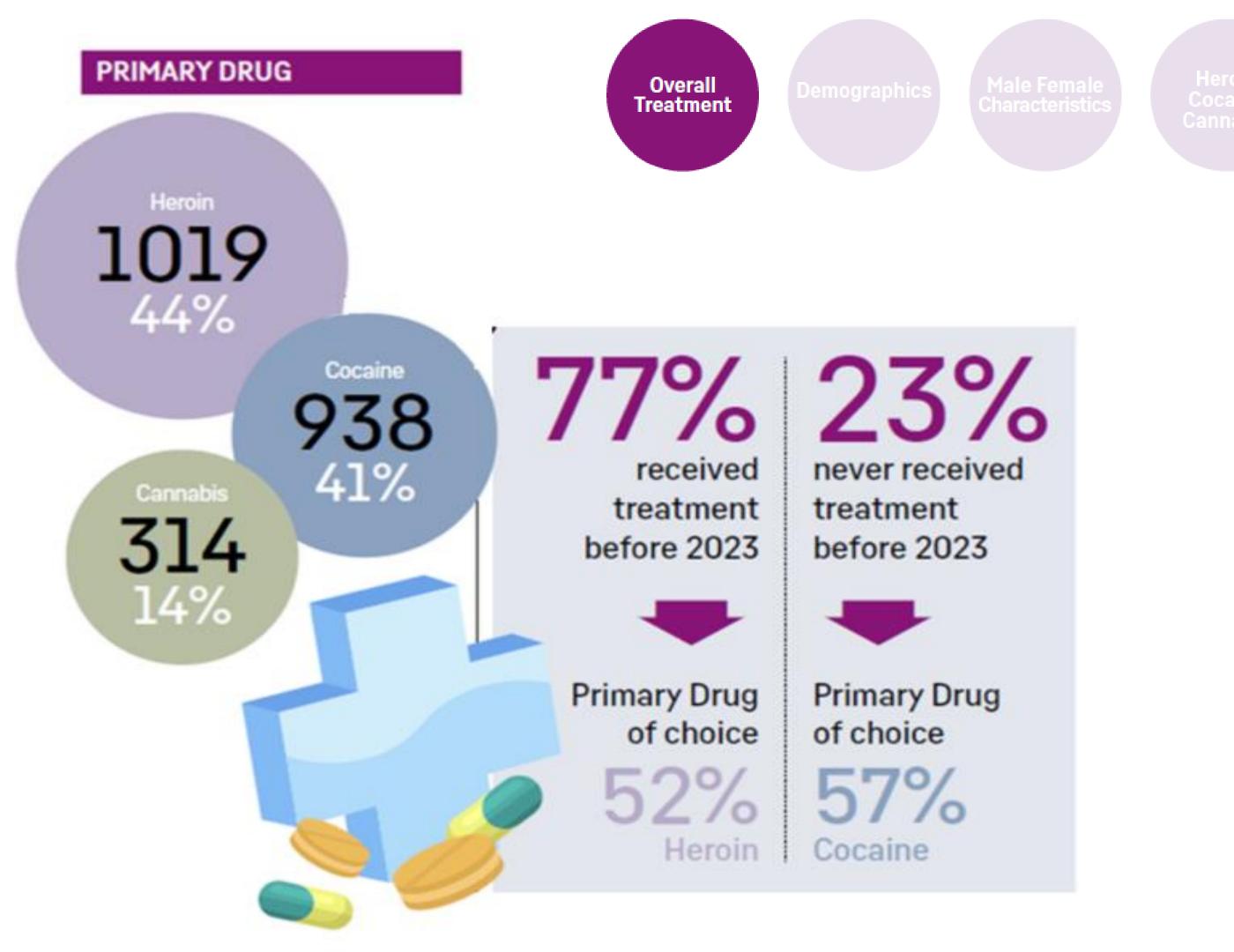


64% 13% Secondary Level Education

MEDIAN AGE IN TREATMENT

Female 38 18%

Male 40 82%



Overall Treatment

Demographics

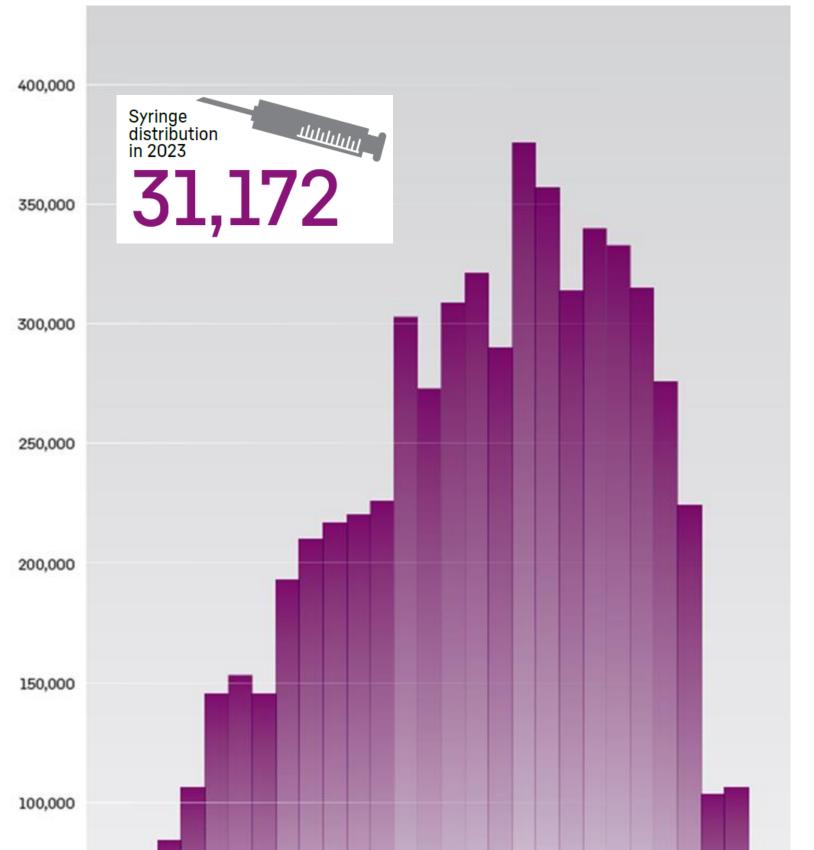
Male Female Characteristics

Heroin Cocaine Cannabis

Drug Harms

ATS DDU CSA

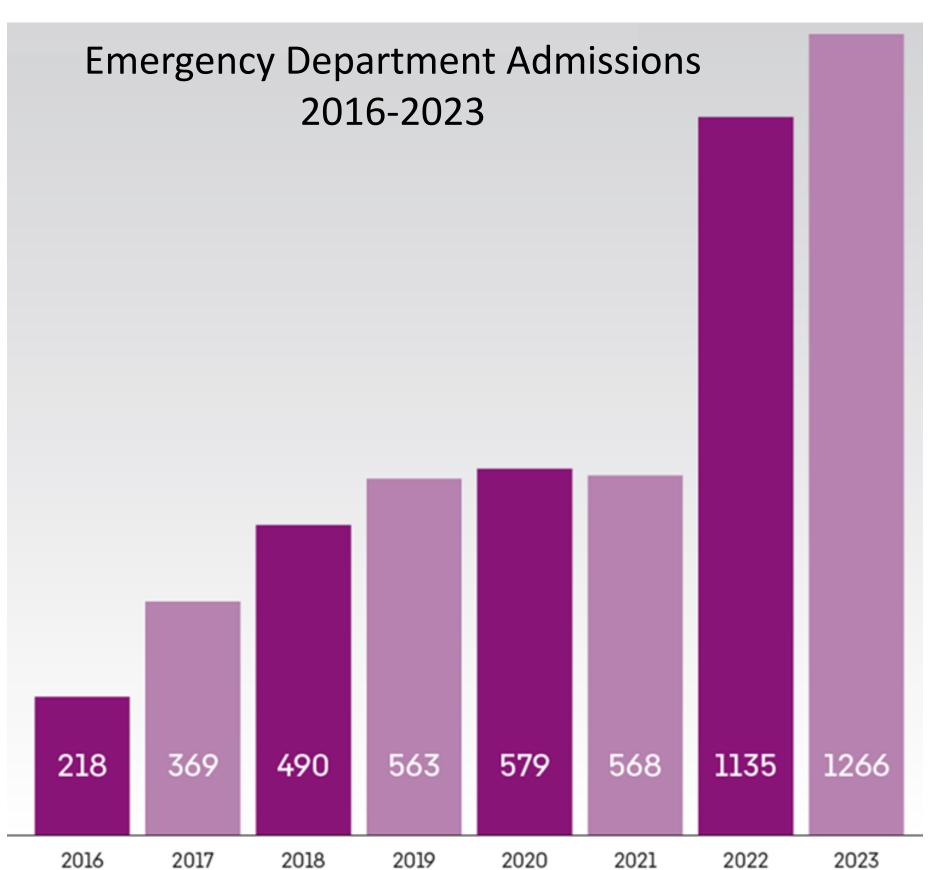
Syringe Distribution 1994-2023

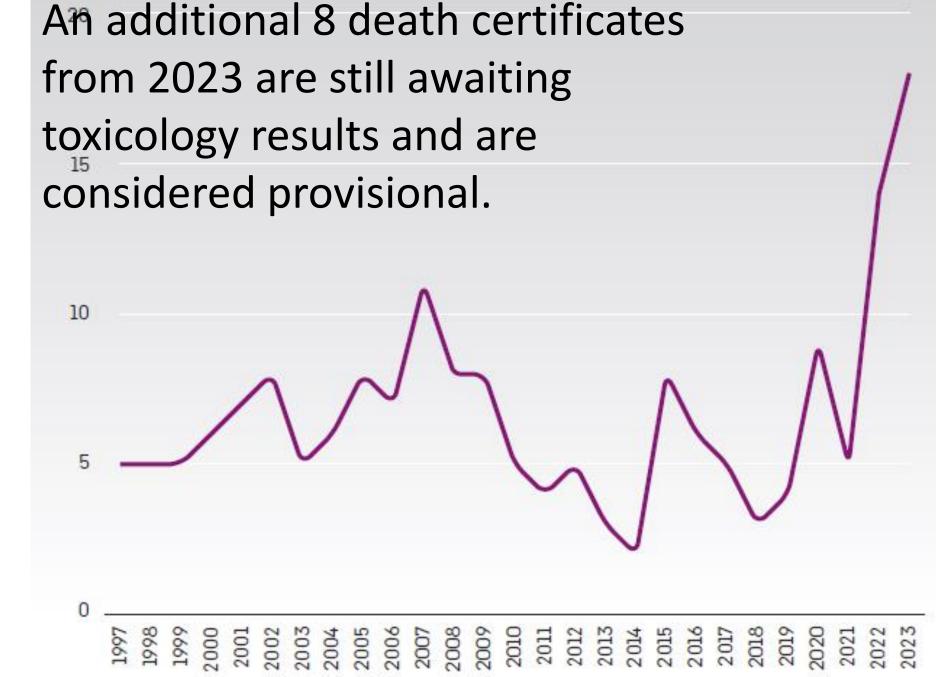


Opioid Agonist Treatment (OAT)









National Drugs and Addictions Unit

Future Direction - National Addictions Advisory Board

- Establish a Prevention Coordination Body to enhance national prevention efforts.
- Create a Law Enforcement Coordination Body to improve inter-agency collaboration.
- Launch an Early Warning System to flag high-purity drugs & emerging threats.
- Establish task forces & stakeholder working groups to tackle complex issues (e.g. culture of drug use, homeless clients, drug related mortality, foreign nationals).



THANK YOU